## § 668.380 What will we do to strengthen the capacity of INA grantees to deliver effective services?

We will provide appropriate TAT, as necessary, to INA grantees. This TAT will assist INA grantees to improve program performance and enhance services to the target population(s), as resources permit. (WIA sec. 166(h)(5).)

#### Subpart D—Supplemental Youth Services

### § 668.400 What is the purpose of the supplemental youth services program?

The purpose of this program is to provide supplemental employment and training and related services to Native American youth on or near Indian reservations, or in Oklahoma, Alaska, and Hawaii. (WIA sec. 166(d)(2)(A)(ii).)

### §668.410 What entities are eligible to receive supplemental youth services funding?

Eligible recipients for supplemental youth services funding are limited to those tribal, Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian and Oklahoma tribal grantees funded under WIA section 166(d)(2)(A)(i), or other grantees serving those areas and/or populations specified in §668.400, that received funding under title II-B of the Job Training Partnership Act, or that are designated to serve an eligible area as specified in WIA section 166(d)(2)(A)(ii).

# § 668.420 What are the planning requirements for receiving supplemental youth services funding?

Beginning with PY 2000, eligible INA grantees must describe the supplemental youth services which they intend to provide in their Two Year Plan (described more fully in §§ 668.710 and 668.720). This Plan includes the target population the grantee intends to serve, for example, drop-outs, juvenile offenders, and/or college students. It also includes the performance measures/standards to be utilized to measure program progress.

#### § 668.430 What individuals are eligible to receive supplemental youth services?

- (a) Participants in supplemental youth services activities must be Native Americans, as determined by the INA grantee according to §668.300(a), and must meet the definition of Eligible Youth, as defined in WIA section 101(13).
- (b) Youth participants must be lowincome individuals, except that not more than five percent (5%) who do not meet the minimum income criteria, may be considered eligible youth if they meet one or more of the following categories:
  - (1) School dropouts;
- (2) Basic skills deficient as defined in WIA section 101(4):
- (3) Have educational attainment that is one or more grade levels below the grade level appropriate to their age group;
  - (4) Pregnant or parenting;
- (5) Have disabilities, including learning disabilities;
  - (6) Homeless or runaway youth;
  - (7) Offenders; or
- (8) Other eligible youth who face serious barriers to employment as identified by the grantee in its Plan. (WIA sec. 129(c)(5).)

#### § 668.440 How is funding for supplemental youth services determined?

- (a) Beginning with PY 2000, supplemental youth funding will be allocated to eligible INA grantees on the basis of the relative number of Native American youth between the ages of 14 and 21, inclusive, in the grantee's designated INA service area as compared to the number of Native American youth in other eligible INA service areas. We reserve the right to redetermine this youth funding stream in future program years, in consultation with the Native American Employment and Training Council, as program experience warrants and as appropriate data become available.
- (b) The data used to implement this formula is provided by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.
- (c) The hold harmless factor described in §668.296(c) also applies to supplemental youth services funding. This factor also will be determined in